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*Kenſington, June* 24.

THE following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Banbury in the County of Oxford, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir George Wheate, Bart. their Recorder, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Banbury in the County of Oxford.

*May it pleaſe your Majeſty,*

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen and Capital Burgeſſes of the Borough of Banbury, do moſt humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon the ſignal and glorious Victory obtained over the Rebels, under the brave and prudent Conduct of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, by whoſe Vigilance the wicked and unnatural Rebellion is extirpated.

When our Religion, Laws and Liberties; when every Thing that is dear and valuable to Engliſhmen and Proteſtants, were openly attacked and endangered by thoſe deſperate and wicked Ruffians, ſupported by the perfidious and inveterate Enemies of our happy Eſtabliſhment; your Majeſty's Care for the Safety of your People could not be more eminently ſhewn, than by ſending your Son to command your Armies in our Defence; nor your Wiſdom in the Choice of your General be made more manifeſt, than by the Courage and Zeal he has ſhewn for your Majeſty's Service, and the Service of this Nation, expoſing his Royal Perſon to the greateſt Hardſhips and Dangers, and by his Example animating your Troops to hazard their Lives in Defence of their Country.

We moſt ſincerely hope, that your Majeſty's juſt and mild Government may never more be diſturbed by ſuch rebellious Attempts; that the Divine Providence may ever preſerve your Majeſty, and your Royal Poſterity, to be the Protectors of the Rights and Liberties of the People of theſe Kingdoms; and that their Loyalty may always ſupport your Majeſty's Throne, againſt the baſe and inſolent Practices of all your Enemies.

In Witneſs whereof, we have ſet the Common Seal of this Borough, the 17th Day of June 1746.

The following Addreſs of the Bailiff, Burgeſſes, Gentlemen, Clergy and Inhabitants of the Borough of North Allerton, has been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Bailiff, Burgeſſes, Gentlemen, Clergy, and the reſt of the Inhabitants of the Ancient, Loyal and Royal Borough of North Allerton, in the North Riding of the County of York.

PERMIT us, moſt gracious Sovereign, with firm and loyal Hearts, to join in the publick Voice, and to offer, at your Royal Throne, our moſt ſincere and hearty Congratulations, upon the late glorious Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms, under the Valour and Conduct of his Royal Highneſs the victorious Duke of Cumberland, in defeating and ſuppreſſing the late wicked and unnatural Rebellion, the Project and Hope of the common Diſturber of Europe, to divert thoſe Councils which have ſo long check'd his deſtructive Views, and to remove from him thoſe Arms which he has ſo fatally felt.

The truly great and heroick Spirit, ſo eminently conſpicuous in his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, will add to the moſt glorious Periods in Britiſh Annals. The whole Nation, with unſpeakable Pleaſure, behold in him the Wiſdom and Valour of his Royal Father. Your Majeſty inſtructed him in his firſt Rudiments of War; and by your Royal Example



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Example, he has attained his Meridian Luſtre in Arms, at an Age when others have ſcarce made the leaſt Advances in that great Science. To his Conduct and Valour, under your Majeſty's auſpicious Councils (as Inſtruments of the great Diſpoſer of all Things) will ever be aſcribed the Succeſs of that great and important Day, which not only reſcued the Religion, Liberties and Laws of theſe Kingdoms, but ſtrengthens our Security in theſe, and all the Bleſſings we now enjoy.

That your Majeſty may long enjoy the Imperial Throne of theſe Realms: That the Royal Diadem may continue in your Majeſty's Deſcendants to the lateſt of Poſterity; and that unnatural Rebellion may never again rear its accurſed Head, but univerſal Loyalty for ever diffuſe itſelf through theſe Kingdoms, is the hearty and fervent Prayer of,

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,
Your Majeſty's moſt faithful, moſt obedient and moſt loyal Subjects.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Lymington in the County of Southampton, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Harry Burrard and Charles Powlett, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Lymington in the County of Southampton.

*Moſt Gracious Sovereign,*

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor and Burgeſſes of your ancient Borough of Lymington, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on the late ſignal Victory obtained by your Majeſty's Forces, under the Command of his Royal Highneſs the Duke, againſt the Enemies of your Perſon and Government, ſupported by that Power, whoſe Councils have ſo much diſturbed the Peace of Europe, and whoſe Schemes have ſo long contrived the Deſtruction of Liberty.

The Security of our Religion, Laws and Liberties, reſtored by extinguiſhing the late unnatural Rebellion, under the Conduct and Bravery of the Duke, is a Bleſſing we hope your Majeſty's Subjects will enjoy to the lateſt Poſterity, againſt any Attempts which ſhall be formed for its Deſtruction, in Favour of Popery and arbitrary Power. We have a juſt Senſe of your Majeſty's Regard for our Country, by hazarding the Perſon of your Royal Son in its Defence, the Event of which we have the Pleaſure and Satisfaction to ſee redound to his eternal Honour; and to the more firmly eſtabliſhing your Majeſty on the Throne of theſe Kingdoms.

That your Majeſty and your Royal Deſcendants may long and undiſturbed reign over a free and obedient People. is the hearty Prayer of us, who are your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor and Commonalty, and other the principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Helſton, in the County of Cornwall, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Francis Godolphin, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor and Commonalty, and other the principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Helſton in the County of Cornwall.

*Moſt Gracious Sovereign,*

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor and Commonalty, and other the principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Helſton in the County of Cornwall, in Guildhall aſſembled, take this firſt Opportunity of paying our humble Duty to your Majeſty on this happy and important Occaſion.

As it was with the deepeſt Concern and Regret that we at firſt heard of the wicked and unnatural Rebellion, begun and carried on by ſome of our deluded Countrymen in Favour of an abjured and popiſh Pretender, and fomented by the common Invader of the Rights of Mankind; ſo is it with the moſt unfeigned and unſpeakable Joy, we now beg Leave to approach your Majeſty, with our moſt ſincere and hearty Congratulations on the late glorious Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms, under the prudent Command and undoubted Courage of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, over the Pretender's audacious Son and all his rebellious Adherents; an Event which, we hope, will be the Means of more firmly eſtabliſhing your Majeſty's Government, of perpetuating the Succeſſion to the Crown of theſe Kingdoms in your illuſtrious Family, and ſecuring not only our own Civil and Religious Rights and Liberties, but alſo thoſe of Europe in general.

When we reflect upon the late diſmal Scene of Rapine and Oppreſſion, which filled our Country with Horror; when every Thing dear

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to us was ready to be offered up Victims to popiſh Superſtition and arbitrary Power, and now have the happy Proſpect of ſeeing a ſpeedy and effectual End put to the preſent Rebellion, and the Peace of our Country reſtored, our Hearts are filled with the ſincereſt Gratitude for your Majeſty's Care and wiſe Adminiſtration in obtaining for us thoſe deſirable Ends; and more eſpecially, when we conſider what Fatigues his Royal Highneſs your heroick Son (our ſecond Deliverer and Reſtorer of thoſe Bleſſings procured us at the late happy Revolution in our Church and State) moſt cheatfully underwent, and with what Vigilance and Speed he marched againſt a Crew of abandoned Miſcreants inſulting over our happy Conſtitution, Rights and Privileges dearer to us than our very Lives.

That the ſame over-ruling Providence, that has ſo ſignally influenced your Majeſty's Councils and Arms, may always continue ſo to conduct them, that after a long and happy Reign over us, you may tranſmit to your Royal Heirs the peaceable Government of a truly grateful and loyal Nation, is and ever ſhall be the hearty Prayer of,

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,
Your Majeſty's moſt faithful and
obedient Subjects.

Given under our Hands and Common Seal, this ninth Day of June, in the Nineteenth Year of your Majeſty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord 1746.

The following Addreſs of the Alderman, Recorder, Deputy Recorder, Comburgeſſes, Gentlemen, Clergy and Burgeſſes of the Town Soak and Borough of Grantham, in the County of Lincoln, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Hon. the Lord William Manners, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The humble Addreſs of the Alderman, Recorder, Deputy Recorder, Comburgeſſes, Gentlemen, Clergy and Burgeſſes of the Town Soak and Borough of Grantham, in the County of Lincoln.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

*Moſt Gracious Sovereign,*

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Alderman, Recorder, Deputy Recorder, Comburgeſſes, Gentlemen, Clergy and Burgeſſes of the Town Soak and Borough of Grantham, beg Leave moſt ſincerely to congratulate your Majeſty upon the Succeſs that attended your Arms; and to obſerve that it gives us the greateſt Pleaſure, that the Officers and Soldiers not only deſerved your Majeſty's and his Royal Highneſs the Duke's Approbation, but alſo the Eſteem and Regard of every Engliſhman.

The moſt gallant and prudent Behaviour of his Royal Highneſs fires the Heart of every loyal Subject, and makes us look with Contempt and Pity upon thoſe poor deluded People, who, by idle and wicked Inſinuations, were betray'd into their own Ruin, and caus'd the moſt horrid and unnatural Rebellion, with a Deſign to deſtroy our holy Religion, and ſubvert the beſt of Governments.

It was the utmoſt Concern to us to think his Royal Highneſs, dear to every true Briton, ſhould be expoſed to the Inclemency of the Seaſon, and the Barbarity of ſuch vile Miſcreants.

May that Divine Providence, which attended your Majeſty's Arms, always attend your Majeſty and your Royal Family; and may your Majeſty conſtantly be as much the Terror of your Enemies, as you are the Darling and Glory of your People.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Town of Northampton, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Hon. George Compton and George Montague, Eſqrs. their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Lincoln, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

*Moſt Gracious Sovereign,*

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the Town of Northampton, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon the Succeſs of his Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, in ſuppreſſing the unnatural Rebellion in the North, by a moſt ſignal and deciſive Victory: A Victory worthy your Majeſty's Arms, obtain'd by a Conduct worthy your Majeſty's Son.

We cannot, Great Sir, ſufficiently eſteem and admire the Regard ſhewn to the Welfare of your People, in ſending from your Preſence his Highneſs into Scotland, whoſe perſonal Merits have moſt juſtly render'd him the Delight and Ornament of the Army, and the Protection and Safeguard of your People. Our Satisfaction on this happy Event is much increaſed, when we obſerve this your paternal Affection towards us in ſome Meaſure rewarded by the Valour of your Troops, the Loyalty and Attachment of your Engliſh Subjects, and the filial Piety of your Son.

From this additional Strength to your Majeſty's Government, we have the ſtrongeſt Aſ-

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ſurances of the free Enjoyment of our holy Religion, Liberties and happy Conſtitution; all which this Rebellion was calculated to deſtroy, and which it has been the peculiar Attention of your Majeſty's Reign to preſerve to us entire.

We doubt not, Great Sir, but Troops thus animated and thus conducted, muſt add Weight to your Meaſures, give Confidence and Authority to your Government, will enable you to withſtand the ambitious Deſigns of France, and ſo lay the Foundations of a laſting Peace, as to make it the Characteriſtick of your Majeſty's Reign, to influence the general Happineſs of Europe.

Given under our Common Seal this 14th Day of June 1746.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Deputy Recorder, Aldermen, Common-Council, Gentry, Clergy and principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Boſton in the County of Lincoln, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Francis Bernard, Eſq; their Deputy Recorder, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Deputy Recorder, Aldermen, Common-Council, Gentry, Clergy, and principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Boſton in the County of Lincoln.

*Moſt Gracious Sovereign,*

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, do humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on the late great and glorious Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms in Scotland, under the Command of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, which hath happily put an End to a moſt unnatural Rebellion ſet on Foot and carried on by the moſt inveterate Enemies to our happy Conſtitution in Church and State, in Favour of a popiſh Pretender: An Attempt ſo daring under a Government ſo mild as no Age can parallel.

Permit us, Sir, to offer your Majeſty our moſt grateful Acknowledgments for your great Goodneſs, in permitting his Royal Highneſs to fight our Battles; by whoſe Preſence, ſteady Courage, and prudent Conduct (under Divine Providence) an entire Victory hath been gain'd over our Enemies; and we are thereby again deliver'd from Popery and Slavery, by a Prince of your own Royal Family, which is an Addition to the many Bleſſings derived down to us from the late happy Revolution, and will be ever gratefully remember'd by every true Engliſhman.

It was no ſmall Comfort, amidſt the many great Dangers we have lately been threaten'd with, to ſee all your Majeſty's Proteſtant Subjects ſo unanimous in promoting every Thing which could any Ways conduce to the Support and Defence of your Royal Perſon and Government; and we doubt not, but the ſame honeſt Zeal and Unanimity will continue, and on all Occaſions be exerted in ſuch a Manner, as to deter our Enemies at Home or Abroad, from ever attempting again to diſturb your Majeſty's Government by any new Rebellion.

May Divine Providence always protect your Majeſty, and all your Royal Family; and may you and they live long to reign over a free and grateful People.

*Conſtantinople, May* 17. The Captain Paſhaw ſailed for the Archipelago a few Days ago, with about ten Ships of War and ſome Galleys.

*Naples, June* 7, *N. S.* The Marquis Fogliani arrived here on the 5th Inſtant, being appointed principal Secretary of State in the room of the Duke of Monteallegre, who will ſet out for Madrid in a few Days.

*Alexandria, June* 12, *N. S.* The King of Sardinia paſſed the Bormida on the Morning of the 7th Inſtant, and took up his Camp at Caſtellazzo, four Miles from this City. By all our Advices the French were preparing to move, and M. Maillebois had called off the advanced Poſts he had at Boſco and Fregarolo, and had ordered them to join his Army under Novi. The King of Sardinia marched the next Morning up the River Orba, in order to paſs it, and come upon the French in their Rear; but as ſoon as they perceived the Intent of this Motion, they retired with ſome Precipitation towards Tortona, abandoning Novi to his Sardinian Majeſty's Troops, which marched into it the ſame Day. The Town of Ouvada, alſo belonging to the Genoeſe, and an eſſential Poſt, was attacked at the ſame Time by three Battalions, under the Command of Brigadier Martini; and the Garriſon, conſiſting of 120 Men and ten Officers, ſoon capitulated to ſurrender Priſoners of War. The French left but few Proviſions in Novi, but there has been a conſiderable Magazine of Salt, of which this Country is in great Want, found at Ouvada. It was the general Opinion we ſhould have continued ſome Time at Novi, from whence we might have obſerved the French under Tortona, and have purſued our Operations againſt the Genoeſe; but the King of Sardinia being informed that M. de Maillebois was continuing his March towards Placentia, with a View, either to join M. de Gages there, or

or to cover and ſecure his Retreat, by poſting himſelf at the Stradella, it was reſolved Yeſterday, that the Sardinian Army ſhould march this Morning towards the Scrivia, on the Borders of which it is to encamp To-morrow at Caſtelnuovo. The French General has the Start of us by three Marches.

*From the King of Sardinia's Camp at Schiatezzo, between Voghera and La Stradella, June 17, N. S.* An Officer, who arrived this Morning with the Account of the Victory obtained Yeſterday by Prince Lichtenſtein over the French and Spaniards under the Walls of Placentia, informs us, that the Fire on both Sides was extremely violent, and the Slaughter of the Enemy very great, particularly of the French, who had ſuffered terribly by the Auſtrian Horſe and Huſſars. The ſaid Officer thinks their whole Loſs amounts to 7 or 8000 Men, amongſt which there were a great Number of Officers. It is expected we ſhall march To-morrow with the whole Army to Stradella, towards which Place our Cavalry is already in Motion, in order to be more at hand for ſeconding Prince Lichtenſtein's Operation. It is certain the Enemy cannot ſubſiſt long in their Retrenchments, they having no further Communication with the Genoeſe State, and a Stop will in a few Days be put to their Excurſions into the Milaneſe, from whence alone they ſtill draw ſome few Subſiſtences, by the freſh Body of Imperial Troops from Germany, which are all by this Time about Mantua. Should they retire towards Genoa, we are at hand to ſend Detachments into the Mountains, and take them in Flank moſt Part of the Way. If they croſs the Po into the Milaneſe, we ſhall have a Bridge on that River in a Day or two, and be able to incloſe them on the Side of Pavia, while Prince Lichtenſtein does the ſame from Cremona. In this Dilemma they may be reduced to the Neceſſity of attacking the Imperial Army again; but there is ſuch a Spirit in it from their late Succeſs, and their Loſs has been ſo inconſiderable in Proportion of the Enemy's, that it is thought we may reaſonably hope a ſecond Attempt will prove more fatal to them than the firſt.

*Extract of a Letter from Rochelle, June 21, N. S.* This Morning at Ten o'Clock the Fleet under the Command of M. le Duc d'Anville ſailed, but the Wind changing, they were obliged to put back, and came to an Anchor at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, the Wind coming favourable again, it is thought they will ſail To-morrow Morning between Four and Five o'Clock. During the Fleet's lying for theſe two Months paſt at the Iſlands of Aic, they have had very high Winds, and particularly within theſe twelve Days. They have taken all the Proviſions this Place affords; and if they continue ſome Time here, this City will be greatly diſtreſſed. Yeſterday in the Afternoon a Nobleman arrived here, preceded by a Poſtillion, and followed by four Gentlemen. The Nobleman was mask'd, and was immediately conducted to M. d'Anville's Pinnace, in which were ſome Officers, and the Commiſſary of the Fleet, and was carried on board the Duke d'Anville's own Ship, which hoiſted the Admiral's Flag, which is never diſplayed but for the Princes of the Blood, or the High Admiral of France.

*Berlin, June 21, N. S.* The King of Pruſſia will remove to Charlottemberg the 24th Inſtant, whither the Queen Mother will repair likewiſe for ſome Days.

*Vienna, June 22, N. S.* Count Althan entered this Capital at Two of the Clock this Afternoon, preceded by 12 Poſtillions, with an Account of the Defeat of the French and Spaniards before Placentia.

*Munich, June 23, N. S.*

*The following is an Extract of a Letter from an Officer of the Auſtrian Army; written from the Camp near Placentia the 17th of June, N. S.*

After Marſhal Maillebois had joined the Spaniards in the Night between the 14th and 15th, with 10,000 Men at Placentia, Diſpoſitions were made in the Enemy's Camp for attacking our Right Wing by the Spaniards, and the Left by the French. The 15th, about Nine at Night, the Cannon and Small Arms began to fire, and the Enemy repulſed our advanced Guards upon the Left Wing, which conſiſted chiefly of Huſſars and Croats. Whereupon five Regiments of Horſe, viz. Thoſe of Lobkowitz, Berlichingen, Balayra, Cohari, and Holli, were ſent to their Support, together with ſeven Battalions and ten Companies of Grenadiers. The 16th, at Six in the Morning, the Huſſars and Croats were repulſed to our Flank, where the French, under the Command of Maillebois, attacked furiouſly, but after the Cannonading and Firing of Small Arms had laſted without ceaſing for four Hours, General Luchefi order'd eleven Squadrons to attack nine Battallions of the Enemy, which was executed Sword in Hand on full Gallop. They ſoon routed this Body of Infantry, although it was formed into a hollow Square, and thoſe, who eſcaped the Sword, were made Priſoners, inſomuch that few Men out of the ſaid nine Battallions eſcaped. After this Defeat the Enemy retired, abandoned ſixty Caſſines, which they had poſſeſſed the Night before, and regain'd their old Camp. At our Right Wing, which was weaker than the Left, the Enemy made themſelves five Times Maſters of our Redoubts and Batteries, from whence our Cannon had been removed; but at laſt, about Ten of the Clock, they alſo were obliged to retire towards their Camp. The Fire of the Cannon as well as the Small Arms, and the Bravery of the Troops on both Sides, are inexpreſſible. According to my Information, we have taken from the Enemy eight Pieces of Braſs Cannon, ſixty Colours, and 3000 Men, of whom the greateſt Part are wounded. As to the Killed, their Number is not yet certainly known, but there has been a Ceſſation of Arms to Day to bury them. It is ſaid the French have loſt 500 Officers. The Loſs on our Side amounts to 3060 Men wounded and killed.

*Liege, June 24, N. S.* The Garriſon of Mons makes a vigorous Defence.



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*Copenhagen, June 25, N. S.* The Baltick Traders from England, conſiſting of between 50 and 60 Sail, arrived in the Sound on the 22d Inſtant, N. S. under Convoy of the Flamborough, Capt. Porter, and of the Badger, Capt. Scott, who, it was believed, would wait ſome Days at Elſenore, ſince few of the Ships homeward-bound were then come down. On the 23d M. Puſhkin, the new Ruſſian Miniſter, arrived here with his Family from Sweden. The Marquis del Puerto and his Son are likewiſe expected very ſoon; the former on his Way to the Hague, and the latter is to reſide here as Miniſter from the Court of Spain. Baron Korff is now upon the Point of taking Leave, in order to repair to Stockholm. Three Days ago the Princeſs Royal had ſome Symptoms of an approaching Labour, which proved not to be real; and the Opinion now is, that it may hold off perhaps for eight or ten Days longer. However, the Prince, who was then at Jagerſprys, having Notice of this Alarm, return'd hither immediately, and his Royal Highneſs now continues here, expecting the Delivery of his Conſort. This Day, between Twelve and One, the King of Denmark arrived at the Palace of Roſenberg; and he appear'd weak and pretty much fatigued. The King now drinks Aſſes Milk, which is thought to have a good Effect upon him; and has choſen to lodge at Roſenberg, for the Conveniency of walking in the Garden that lies round it. This Journey has been taken purely on Account of the Princeſs's Lying-in.

*Bruſſels, June 27, N. S.* Fifteen Thouſand Men have been detached from the Army before Mons, and are to encamp on the Side of Aloſt, in order to cover the Way from this Place to Ghent, and to be at hand to join the Grand Army in Caſe of Need, which at preſent is in its old Poſition near Antwerp, tho' we have a Report here that Preparations are making to attack the Allies in their Camp. All the General Officers who were at Louvain ſet out from thence on Sunday laſt for the Grand Army. On Friday laſt a terrible Firing of Cannon was heard from Mons, which laſted from Three in the Afternoon to Seven at Night, and then ceaſed, from which we conclude that the Batteries either of the Beſiegers or Beſieged were diſmounted.

*The following is a Letter from the Camp before Mons, dated the 20th Inſtant.*

We have at preſent but 36 Pieces of Cannon from 16 to 24 Pounders. Our Artillery is very long in coming. The Royal Grenadiers are actually battering in Breach a Half Moon which has been very vigorouſly defended for above eight Days. We have taken 200 Priſoners in three Redoubts which we have made ourſelves Maſters of. The Deſertion amongſt the Enemy continues to be great.

*Terhyde Camp, June 28, N. S.* A Son of Prince Lobcowitz came here Yeſterday with Advices from his Father, of the March of the Body of Troops under his Command; and we hear that the firſt two Diviſions of that Corps are reckon'd to be paſt Cologne by this Time. It is reported that the Enemy began to fire on Mons the 21ſt, and that the Garriſon had made a Sally, but this Intelligence is not to be depended on. The firſt Column of the Auſtrians, conſiſting of four Regiments of Infantry and two Regiments of Cavalry, will paſs the Rhine this Day at Kelſerſwert, and are to come by Venlo, and may be here in ten Days.

*Terhyde Camp, July 1, N. S.* By Accounts from Mons, the Siege goes on but ſlowly. The Enemy on the 26th in the Morning had not taken Poſſeſſion of any of the Out-works, except ſuch as the Garriſon had abandon'd, as they had not Force ſufficient to ſupport them at ſo great a Diſtance. We learn likewiſe, that the Enemy have above 7000 Sick at Antwerp, Malines, Bruſſels and Ghent. A Diſſentery and Fever is riſe among them.

*Hague, June 28, N. S.* The Letters from Italy, ſince the Arrival of Prince Lichtenſtein's Courier, make the Loſs of the French and their Allies, in the Action of the 15th Inſtant, amount to near 10,000 Men between killed and wounded, and repreſent their Circumſtances ſince that Victory as deſperate. The King of Sardinia, after having made himſelf Maſter of the Towns of Novi and Ouvada, belonging to the Genoeſe, advanced on the 17th with his Vanguard to Stradella, and a freſh Reinforcement of eight or ten Thouſand Auſtrians were arrived at Cremona. The Infant himſelf was ſtill in Placentia on the 17th. The States General have ſent a moſt ſevere Reprimand to their Ambaſſadour at Paris, M. Van Hoey, in Conſequence of a Memorial preſented to their High Mightineſſes by Mr. Trevor, for his preſuming to tranſmit to the Duke of Newcaſtle, and recommend M. d'Argenſon's Letter of Interceſſion in Favour of the Pretender's Son and his Adherents, and have commanded him to write a Letter to his Grace, acknowledging his Imprudence, asking Pardon for it, and promiſing to behave more prudently for the future.

*Hague, July 1, N. S.* His Highneſs Prince Frederick, and the Heſſian Troops, arrived much at the ſame Time on Tueſday laſt in the Road of Helvoet. According to Advices here, Marſhal Saxe keeps about Antwerp, to cover the Siege of Mons and St. Ghilain. Marſhal Bathiani is ſaid to be making ſome Diſpoſitions for an approaching Motion.

*Willemſtadt, July 1, N. S.* Wedneſday laſt, about Eight in the Morning, all the Tranſports arrived at this Place, and about Nine began to diſembark. His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Heſſe arrived about Twelve the ſame Day: And this Day at Three in the Afternoon the Diſembarkation was finiſhed. The ſix Regiments are encamped upon the Glacis before this Place, and it is expected they will march for the Army on Monday next.

*Whitehall, June 24.*

The King has been pleaſed to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Pelham, Eſq; Charles Sackville, Eſq; commonly called Earl of Middleſex, George Lyttelton, Eſq; together with Henry

Henry Legge, and John Campbell, Eſqrs. to be Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint his Grace John Duke of Bedford, the Right Honourable John Earl of Sandwich, Vere Beauclerk, Eſq; commonly called Lord Vere Beauclerk, George Anſon and George Greenville, Eſqrs. the Right Honourable William Viſcount Barrington, together with William Ponſonby, Eſq; commonly called Lord Viſcount Duncannon, to be Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of High Admiral of the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions, Iſlands and Territories thereunto reſpectively belonging.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed, upon the Surrender of the Right Hon. William Earl of Jerſey, to grant unto the Right Hon. George Dunk Earl of Halifax, the Places and Offices of Warden, Chief Juſtice, and Juſtice in Eyre, of all his Majeſty's Foreſts, Chaces, Parks and Wardens, on this Side Trent.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Richard Arundel, Eſq; the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Chamber, in the room of Sir John Hynde Cotton.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Arthur Young, Doctor of Laws, the Place and Dignity of a Canon or Prebendary of the Metropolitical Church of Canterbury, void by the Reſignation of Spencer Cowper, Clerk.

*Plymouth, June* 18. This Day came in here Lieutenant Bray, of his Majeſty's Ship the Duke, by whom we hear, that on the 10th Inſtant, O. S. the French Fleet was ſeen by a Swediſh Ship off of Rochebonne; and that about the ſame Time a Dutch Galliot ſaw the Engliſh Fleet 30 Leagues Weſt from the River of Bourdeaux.

## General Poſt-Office, June 24, 1746.

*Theſe are to give Notice, That the Poſt will go every Night (Sundays excepted) from London to Tunbridge Wells, and from Tunbridge Wells to London. To begin this Night, and to continue during the Summer Seaſon, as uſual.*

*By Command of the Poſt-maſter General,*
Geo. Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

## Cuſtom Houſe, London, June 27, 1746.

*For Sale, by Order of the Honourable Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, in the Long Room at the Cuſtom Houſe, on Friday the 27th Inſtant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, Sugars in Time. The Goods to be viewed at the New Warehouſes at the Cuſtom-houſe, on Wedneſday, Thurſday, and Friday next, to the Time of Sale.*

*The Committee for letting the City's Lands in the Account of the Chamberlain of the City of London, do hereby give Notice, that they intend to lett by ſeveral Leaſes the following Lots, viz.*

*N° 1. The Place or Office of One of the Fifteen Sea Coal Meeters of this City, now on Leaſe to Mr. Thomas Hawes.*

*2. The Place or Office of One of the Ten Corn Meeters of this City, now in Leaſe to Mr. William Loveday.*

*And that the ſaid Committee will ſit in the Council Chamber of the Guildhall, London, on Wedneſday the 9th of July next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, to receive Propoſals for the ſame: Of which further Information and Particulars may be had at the Comptroller's Office in the Guildhall aforeſaid. On which ſaid printed Particulars all Perſons bidding for any of the above Lots are to write their Propoſals.*

D. Seaman, *Comptroller.*

## *Advertiſements.*

TO be ſold peremptorily, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Edmund Sawyer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London, on Wedneſday the 23d Day of July next enſuing, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, The Manor of Weybred in the Counties of Suffolk and Norfolk, together with the Capital Meſſuage, Demeſne Lands and Farms thereunto belonging, late the Eſtate of Daniel Deligne, Eſq; deceaſed. Particulars thereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Henry Moore, late of Buckland in the County of Surry, Yeoman, deceaſed, are to come in and prove their Debts before Anthony Allen, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Breame's Buildings, Chancery-lane, by the 19th Day of July next, or in Default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

HIS Bond and other Creditors, by Specialty, of the Hon. Martin Bladen, late of Hanover-ſquare in the Liberty of Weſtminſter, Eſq; deceaſed, are deſired to meet at the King's Arms Tavern in New Bond-ſtreet, on Wedneſday the 2d Day of July next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, on ſpecial Affairs; and to bring their reſpective Securities with them.

THE Creditors, who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt Joſeph Yates, of Manchester in the County of Lancaſter, Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate and Effects, at the Angel Inn in Manchester aforeſaid, on Tueſday the 8th Day of July next, at Two in the Afternoon, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from an Agreement for Sale of ſeveral of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtates, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Small, late of Croſs Lane, London, Wine Cooper, now of Halling in the County of Kent, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 2d and 9th of July next, and on the 5th of Auguſt following, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Iſaac Keene, of Birchin Lane, in the Pariſh of St. Edmund the King, London, Haberdaſher of Hatts, and Stock Broker, intend to meet on the 16th Day of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Thomas Beedham, late of the Pariſh of St. Mary Lambeth in the County of Surry, Refiner and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Thomas Beedham hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 15th of July next.

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